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ORIGIN IO-06

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 /007 R

66011

DRAFTED BY:IO/AGR:PAUL J BYRNES

APPROVED BY:IO/SA:TBROWN

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R 280153Z JUN 78

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INFO RUEHME/AMEMBASSY MEXICO 0000

USMISSION USUN NEW YORK

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FOL ROME 11595 SENT ACTION SECSTATE JUNE 22, 1978 REPEATED
TO YOU QUOTE

UNCLAS ROME 11595

FODAG

PASS USDA

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: AORG, WFC

SUBJECT: DRAFT FINAL TEXT OF WORLD FOOD COUNCIL (WFC)

MEXICO DECLARATION

1. FODAG RECEIVED FROM WFC SECRETARIAT FOLLOWING ADVANCE DRAFT
TEXT OF WFC MEXICO DECLARATION: BEGIN TEXT.

PREAMBLE

WE, THE MINISTERS AND PLENIPOTENTIARIES OF WFC ATTENDING FOURTH
SESSION IN MEXICO CITY IN JUNE 1978, HAVE STUDIED PRESENT WORLD
FOOD SITUATION AND PROGRESS ACHIEVED SINCE 1974 IN ATTAINING
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GOALS OF WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE. FOR THIS PURPOSE WE HAVE REAFFI-
RMED RESOLUTION OF THAT CONFERENCE AND GIVEN PARTICULAR CONSIDE-
RATION TO RESPONSIBILITIES OF THIS COUNCIL, WHICH DEALS WITH ALL
ASPECTS OF WORLD FOOD PROBLEMS, TO FURTHER IMPLEMENT MANILA
COMMUNIQUE OF WORLD FOOD COUNCIL AND ITS PROGRAM OF ACTION
TO ERADICATE HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION.

2. THE PROGRAMME OF ACTION WE ADOPTED DURING OUR THIRD SESSION WAS UNANIMOUSLY ENDORSED BY ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL IN JULY 1977 AND ADOPTED IN FULL BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY IN DECEMBER 1977, WHICH CALLED ON

QUOTE ALL GOVERNMENTS, SPECIALIZED AGENCIES, ORGANS AND OTHER BODIES WITHIN AND OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM DEALING WITH FOOD, AGRICULTURE AND HUMAN NUTRITION TO IMPLEMENT PROGRAM OF ACTION FULLY AND AS MATTER OF URGENCY. END QUOTE

3. THE POSITIVE ATTITUDE DEMONSTRATED BY ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY HAS CONTRIBUTED TO IMPORTANT ACTIVITIES OF WORLD FOOD COUNCIL AND WE BELIEVE THAT INITIAL EFFORTS OF GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES DEMONSTRATE PROGRESS IN IMPLEMENTING PROGRAM OF ACTION AND RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE.

4. COUNCIL, IN PURUANCE OF ITS MANDATE FROM WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY, HAS

- PROMOTED ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT (IFAD), WHICH APPROVED ITS FIRST FOOD PROJECTS FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN APRIL 1978;

- STIMULATED CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY RESERVE OF 500,000 TONS OF CEREALS TO RISE FROM 82,000 TONS TO MORE THAN 425,000 TONS;

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- PROMOTED MACHINERY TO ACCELERATE ACTION IN FIELD OF NUTRITION WITHIN UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM;

- ENCOURAGED BY INITIATION OF FOOD AND NUTRITION STRATEGIES FOR SPECIFIC DEVELOPING COUNTRIES; AND

- STIMULATED ACTIONS TO ERADICATE HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION THROUGH ADOPTION OF THE MANILA COMMUNIQUE.

5. THESE ARE POSITIVE ACHIEVEMENTS IN DIRECTION OF FULFILLING GOALS SET BY WFC. HOWEVER, CLOSER EXAMINATION OF PRESENT WORLD FOOD SITUATION SHOWS THAT RATE OF PROGRESS IN SOLVING FUNDAMENTAL FOOD PROBLEMS IS FAR TOO SLOW. EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME OPPORTUNITIES OF RURAL POOR LAG SERIOUSLY BEHIND POPULATION GROWTH AND RATE OF GROWTH IN AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.

6. FAVORABLE WEATHER AND VIGOROUS ACTION BY GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES SPURRED BY WORLD FOOD CRISIS MADE IT POSSIBLE FOR WORLD FOOD PRODUCTION TO INCREASE RAPIDLY IN 1975-76. HOWEVER, LESS FAVORABLE WEATHER AND REDUCED CONCERN HAD SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES IN 1977--PRODUCTION INCREASED BY BARELY TWO PERCENT, AND ONLY ONE PERCENT IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. IN AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA

THERE WAS NO INCREASE AT ALL, AND IN NEAR EAST PRODUCTION DECLINED.

7. FOOD PRICES, ESPECIALLY OF CEREALS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION HAVE RISEN SIGNIFICANTLY SINCE OUR THIRD SESSION. THIS IS CREATING DIFFICULTIES FOR CONSUMERS, ESPECIALLY IN FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES. IN SOME CASES, HOWEVER, CURRENT PRICES REMAIN LOWER THAN PRODUCTION COSTS SO PRICE INCREASES REPRESENT AN INCENTIVE FOR PRODUCERS.

8. PROGRESS HAD BEEN SLOW IN NEGOTIATING A NEW INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT, DESPITE GENERALLY ABUNDANT SUPPLY AND STOCK CONDITIONS.

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9. THUS, GOVERNMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS DID RESPOND TO 1972-74 FOOD CRISIS, ALTHOUGH LIMITEDLY AND UNEVENLY. THIS INADEQUATE RESPONSE GIVES RISE TO PRESENT UNSTABLE SITUATION AND OUR GRAVE CONCERN FOR FUTURE. HAD IMPORTANT IMMEDIATE OBJECTIVES OF WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE BEEN ACHIEVED, THIS CURRENT UNCERTAIN SITUATION COULD HAVE BEEN AVOIDED. HAD FUNDAMENTAL CHANGES THE CONFERENCE CALLED FOR BEEN EFFECTIVELY AND ADEQUATELY INITIATED, WE WOULD NOT FEAR FOR THE FUTURE.

10. OUR FEARS FOR FUTURE ARE BASED ON THESE FACTS:

- WORLD FOOD PRODUCTION HAS GROWN MORE SLOWLY IN THIS DECADE THAN IN 1960'S;

- PER CAPITA FOOD PRODUCTION HAS DECLINED IN FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES IN THIS DECADE;

- NUMBER OF UNDERNOURISHED PEOPLE IN WORLD--WITH ALL THAT THIS IMPLIES--CONTINUES TO INCREASE EACH YEAR, MOST PARTICULARLY IN FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES;

- EXTERNAL ASSISTANCE FOR INCREASING FOOD PRODUCTION DECLINED SHARPLY IN 1976 AND, DESPITE A LARGE INCREASE IN 1977, IS LITTLE IMPROVED IN REAL TERMS COMPARED WITH 1975, AND IS STILL SUBSTANTIALLY BELOW \$8.3 BILLION CITED IN MANILA COMMUNIQUE.

- MANY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES HAVE INCREASED THEIR PRIORITY FOR FOOD PRODUCTION AND NUTRITION DESPITE LIMITED RESOURCES, BUT MANY OTHER COUNTRIES HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO DO SO;

- NEW INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT HAS NOT YET BEEN FORMULATED, INCLUDING PROVISION OF CEREALS RESERVE AND AT LEAST 10 MILLION TONS OF FOOD AID ON SECURE BASIS;

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- TRADE BARRIERS, TRADE INSTABILITY AND IN SOME CASES, MOUNTING PROTECTIONISM HANDICAP FOOD TRADE, FOOD PRODUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS OF MANY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, DESPITE MULTILATERAL TRADE NEGOTIATIONS AND NEGOTIATIONS BEING CARRIED OUT UNDER AUSPICES OF UNCTAD.

11. WE MUST CORRECT THIS DANGEROUS SITUATION AND OVERCOME THESE OBSTACLES TO FUNDAMENTAL IMPROVEMENT OR ELSE PACE AND DIRECTION OF PROGRESS WILL CONTINUE TO FALL SHORT OF OBJECTIVES OF WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE AND MANILA COMMUNIQUE.

12. WE RECOGNIZE OUR RESPONSIBILITY AS GUIDING FORCE WITHIN UNITED NATIONS SYSTEM ON ALL FOOD MATTERS. WE ALSO RECOGNIZE THAT OPERATIONAL DECISIONS ARE MADE BY GOVERNMENTS, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND FORA WHOSE ACTIVITIES BEAR ON WORLD FOOD SITUATION AND WE WELCOME THEIR FULL COOPERATION.

13. WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE RECOGNIZED THAT IMPORTANT FOOD PROBLEMS COULD NOT BE SOLVED WITHOUT ASSIGNING GREATER POLITICAL PRIORITY TO FOOD AND WITHOUT AGREEMENTS BETWEEN GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES TO UNDERTAKE JOINT OBLIGATIONS TO SOLVE THESE PROBLEMS.

14. SO FAR SUCH PRIORITY AND SUCH JOINT COMMITMENTS HAVE NOT BECOME A REALITY. THERE CONTINUE TO BE WEAKNESSES IN WORLD FOOD SYSTEM. COUNCILS MANDATE REQUIRES IT TO TAKE FURTHER STEPS TO CORRECT THESE WEAKNESSES.

15. THE LOW RATE OF INCREASE IN FOOD PRODUCTION IN FOOD DEFICIT DEVELOPING COUNTRIES REFLECTS FAILURE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY TO ACHIEVE HIGH PRIORITY FOR THESE OBJECTIVES CALLED FOR BY WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE AND MANILA COMMUNIQUE. COUNCIL IS PARTICULARLY CONCERNED WITH SLOW PROGRESS IN:

- MOBILIZATION OF EXTERNAL ASSISTANCE, ESPECIALLY CONCESSIONAL ASSISTANCE, BY BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL DONORS;

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- ADJUSTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND RELATED SECTORS, PARTICULARLY IN SOME DEVELOPED COUNTRIES, TO ENCOURAGE FOOD PRODUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES THROUGH EXPANDED TRADE AND PRICE STABILIZATION, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT NECESSARY FOOD SECURITY;

- ACHIEVING A HIGHER PRIORITY FOR FOOD AND NUTRITION WITHIN SOME DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, INCLUDING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR CREATION OF ADEQUATE CAPACITY TO PREPARE AND IMPLEMENT ENOUGH VIABLE PROJECTS;

- OVERCOMING INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL CONSTRAINTS AFFECTING CERTAIN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WHICH IMPEDE GROWTH OF FOOD PRODUCTION AND ITS DISTRIBUTION TO NEEDY GROUPS;

- ACHIEVING GREATER SUPPORT BY BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL DONORS TO INCREASE THEIR ASSISTANCE TO SUPPLEMENT THE SUPPLY OF AGRICULTURAL INPUTS AND SUPPORT REDUCTION OF POST-HARVEST LOSSES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES;

- CARRYING OUT AGRARIAN AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC REFORMS, AND PROMOTING EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME OPPORTUNITIES FOR RURAL LABOR FORCE, AS CALLED FOR BY WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE, IN ORDER TO INCREASE AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND INSURE BALANCED FOOD DISTRIBUTION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

16. THE COUNCIL HAS BEEN MAKING EFFORTS TO OVERCOME SOME OF THESE OBSTACLES, BUT MORE IS REQUIRED OF WFC TO OVERCOME OBSTACLE IN EFFICIENT AND RAPID PROGRESS IN FOOD PRODUCTION. ACTIONS ARE NEEDED IN SPECIFIC COUNTRIES AND THESE EFFORTS MUST BE REINFORCED BY BROADER INTERNATIONAL, REGIONAL AND SUB-UNCLASSIFIED

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REGIONAL ACTION.

17. WIDESPREAD HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION AND THEIR NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES ON DEVELOPMENT OF MANKIND ARE OF SUCH GRAVE CONCERN THAT ACTIONS MUST BE INITIATED TO ERADICATE THESE CONDITIONS. RESPONSE OF UN SYSTEM TO NUTRITION RECOMMENDATIONS OF MANILA COMMUNIQUE IS POSITIVE BUT AS YET TOO LIMITED. WORLD COMMUNITY NEEDS BETTER FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION WHICH COUNTRIES AND AGENCIES CAN RESPOND TO.

18. COUNCIL NOTES WITH CONCERN DELAY IN CONCLUSION OF NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN UN CONFERENCE TO NEGOTIATE AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO REPLACE INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT OF 1971. IT IS THROUGH THESE NEGOTIATIONS THAT SOUND SYSTEM OF WORLD FOOD SECURITY MUST BE CREATED, INCLUDING AN ADEQUATE INTERNATIONAL GRAIN RESERVE AND NEW FOOD AID CONVENTION AIMING AT AT LEAST 10 MILLION TONS. THEIR SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION IS URGENT PRIORITY.

19. COUNCIL CONSIDERS INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY RESERVE OF 500,000 TONS OF CEREALS COMPLEMENTARY TO ANY RESERVE SYSTEM ESTABLISHED UNDER NEW WHEAT/GRAIN AGREEMENT. ALTHOUGH SEVERAL ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR 1978, QUANTITY OF 500,000 TONS

HAS NOT BEEN REACHED. COUNCIL NEVERTHELESS CONSIDERS THAT INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY RESERVE OF 500,000 TONS ESTABLISHED BY SEVENTH SPECIAL SESSION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY AS INTERIM MEASURE, SHOULD BE ON CONTINUING BASIS.

20. TO IMPROVE CONTRIBUTION OF TRADE TO SOLUTION F FOOD PROBLEMS, COUNCIL NOTES WITH CONCERN THAT EXPORT PROSPECTS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ARE IMPAIRED BY HIGH LEVELS OF PROTECTION THAT EXIST IN MOST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES FOR AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES AND SOME PRODUCTS ESPECIALLY SUITED TO PRODUCTION AND EXPORT BY SEVERAL DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. THESE PROSPECTS HAVE SUFFERED FURTHER FROM ADVERSE EFFECTS OF INCREASED PROTECTION WHICH TOOK PLACE IN SOME CASES SINCE FOOD CRISIS. THIS HAS LIMITED POSSIBILITIES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO CONTRIBUTE TO SOLUTION
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OF OWN FOOD AND DEVELOPMENT PROBLEMS THROUGH INCREASED TRADE.

21. THE COUNCIL IS ALSO CONSCIOUS THAT TRADE IN FOOD AND OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS HAS BEEN SUBJECT OF PROLONGED SPECIFIC NEGOTIATION IN MULTILATERAL TRADE NEGOTIATIONS (MTNS) WHICH ARE EXPECTED TO CONCLUDE IN 1978 AND IN UNCTAD NEGOTIATIONS WITHIN INTEGRATED PROGRAM OF COMMODITIES. DESPITE DIFFICULTIES THAT HAVE BEEN ENCOUNTERED IN THESE NEGOTIATIONS, GREATER AND CONTINUOUS ATTENTION MUST BE GIVEN TO FOOD AND OTHER TRADE PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN LIGHT OF BENEFITS THAT REDUCTION OF TARIFF AND NON-TARIFF BARRIERS COULD CONTRIBUTE TOWARD SOLVING THEIR FOOD PROBLEMS.

22. BEFORE COUNCIL ADDRESSES ITSELF TO ISSUES RAISED IN MANILA COMMUNIQUE, IT HAS TWO URGENT CONCERNS:

NOTING THAT THE TENTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY DEVOTED TO DISARMAMENT IS TAKING PLACE SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE MEETING OF THE WFC, THE COUNCIL FULLY SUPPORTS APPEAL MADE BY PRESIDENT JOSE LOPEZ PORTILLO OF MEXICO FOR HUNGER NOT TO BE CONSIDERED AS MATTER OF EXCLUSIVE CONCERN TO HUNGRY AND THAT PROSPECTS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF NON-INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES SHOULD BE IMPROVED; AND BEARING IN MIND, INTER ALIA RESOLUTION XIV OF WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE, COUNCIL REITERATES NECESSITY OF ALLOCATING SHARE OF RESOURCES WHICH WOULD BE FREED AS RESULT OF REDUCTION OF MILITARY EXPENDITURES, TO FINANCE MEASURES DIRECTED TO ADVANCING DEVELOPMENT OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, ESPECIALLY THEIR FOOD SITUATION.

BEARING IN MIND VERY SERIOUS SITUATION WHICH AGAIN CONFRONTS COUNTRIES OF SAHELIAN ZONE DUE TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS, GOVERNMENTS AND MULTILATERAL AGENCIES ARE EXPRESSLY REQUESTED TO SUPPLY OR INCREASE NECESSARY EMERGENCY FOOD AID AND SUPPORT
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EFFORTS UNDERTAKEN BY THESE COUNTRIES IN ORDER TO ENSURE LONG TERM DEVELOPMENT OF THEIR FOOD PRODUCTION WITHIN FRAMEWORK OF STRATEGY DEFINED BY THEIR GOVERNMENTS AND CLUB DU SAHEL.

23. TURNING TO MANILA COMMUNIQUE, COUNCIL RECOMMENDS THAT:

TO INCREASE FOOD PRODUCTION

A. ALL DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TAKE URGENT STEPS TO REACH OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE TARGET OF 0.7 PERCENT OF GNP (AS AGREED BY SEVENTH SPECIAL SESSION OF UNGA AND AS STATED IN PARAGRAPH 20 OF MANILA COMMUNIQUE), BRINGING OVERALL GRANT ELEMENT OF OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE TO AT LEAST 86 PERCENT. BILATERAL DONORS AND INTERNATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SHOULD TAKE URGENT STEPS TO PROVIDE EXTERNAL RESOURCES NEEDED TO REACH AT LEAST 4 PERCENT ANNUAL GROWTH IN FOOD PRODUCTION, WHICH HAD BEEN ESTIMATED ON ANNUAL BASIS OF 8.3 BILLION US DOLLARS, IN 1975 PRICES, OF WHICH 6.5 BILLION DOLLARS SHOULD BE CONCESSIONAL (AS EXPRESSED IN PARAGRAPH 3 OF MANILA COMMUNIQUE). CONSEQUENTLY IT URGES ALL DONOR COUNTRIES TO INCREASE EFFECTIVELY AND SUBSTANTIALLY THEIR COMMITMENTS FOR FOOD PRODUCTION, PARTICULARLY TO FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES, SO THAT NOTICEABLE PROGRESS CAN BE REVIEWED AT FIFTH MINISTERIAL SESSION. SUCH ADDITIONAL EXTERNAL ASSISTANCE SHOULD BE COMBINED WITH ESSENTIAL INTERNAL EFFORTS IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, THE GROWTH RATE OF AT LEAST 4 PERCENT IN FOOD PRODUCTION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

B. TO CATALYZE POLITICAL ACTION TO REMOVE MAJOR OBSTACLES IMPEDING MORE RAPID INCREASES IN FOOD PRODUCTION AND GAIN THE NECESSARY POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO DO SO, COUNCIL STRESSES:

1. IMPORTANCE OF ENSURING THAT CONTINUED ATTENTION IS GIVEN AT INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL LEVELS TO (A) ENCOURAGE LARGER FLOW OF EXTERNAL RESOURCES FOR FOOD PRODUCTION; (B) IMPROVE
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COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES OF DIFFERENT MULTILATERAL AND BILATERAL DONORS PROVIDING FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR FOOD PRODUCTION; AND (C) ENSURE MORE EFFECTIVE USE OF AVAILABLE RESOURCES;

2. NEED OF ENSURING CONTINUED SUPPORT OF DONOR COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS IN CONTEXT OF SUBPARAGRAPH 1 TO

PROVIDE FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO SPECIFIC PROGRAM AND PROJECTS FOR AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ON SUBREGIONAL, REGIONAL, AND INTERREGIONAL LEVELS DESIGNED TO INCREASE AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION AND FISHERIES, INPUTS PRODUCTION, DEVELOPMENT OF TECHNOLOGIES, IMPROVE SECURITY AND CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY, PROMOTE NUTRITIONAL PROGRAMS, EXPAND RECIPROCAL TRADE, DEVELOP TECHNOLOGIES AND INCREASE JOINT NEGOTIATING CAPACITY IN INTERNATIONAL MARKETS; AND THE COUNCIL ALSO RECOMMENDS THAT:

3. DEVELOPING COUNTRIES DISCUSS AND REVIEW WITHIN EXISTING REGIONAL GROUPINGS AND BODIES AS APPROPRIATE, THE INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL CONSTRAINTS THEY HAVE ENCOUNTERED SO FAR IN INCREASING THEIR FOOD PRODUCTION AND IN MAKING MORE FOOD AVAILABLE, AND DEVELOP SPECIFIC PROPOSAL TO OVERCOME CONSTRAINTS TO RAISING PRIORITY FOR FOOD AND NUTRITION PROJECTS AND PROGRAM AND TO ACCELERATED DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS, INCLUDING OBSTACLES TO DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE;

4. ALL EXISTING AND POTENTIAL DONOR COUNTRIES REVIEW WITHIN THEIR EXISTING FORS WAYS AND MEANS BY WHICH THEY CAN SUPPORT MORE EFFECTIVELY EFFORTS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND IDENTIFY PROBLEMS AND BOTTLENECKS IN INCREASE OF ODA WITHIN THESE GROUPS AND SEEK TO OVERCOME THEM;

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5. MAJOR INTERNATIONAL FINANCING INSTITUTIONS, ESPECIALLY WORLD BANK, REGIONAL BANKS, IFAD AND UNDP, TOGETHER WITH FAO ADDRESS THESE SAME ISSUES IN AN APPROPRIATE FORUM OF THEIR CHOOSING. THE NEW INTERNATIONAL LENDING INSTITUTIONS COULD BE ASKED TO JOIN IN THIS EFFORT;

6. INVITE REPRESENTATIVES OF THESE VARIOUS GROUPS TO REPORT TO WFC SECRETARIAT AND BUREAU BY END OF FEBRUARY 1979 SO THEY CAN PUT TOGETHER PROPOSALS TO BE PRESENTED TO COUNCIL AT ITS FIFTH SESSION WITH VIEW TO MOBILIZING HIGHEST POSSIBLE POLITICAL SUPPORT FOR OVERCOMING OBSTACLES AND PUTTING THESE PROPOSALS INTO ACTION.

C. TO STIMULATE MORE RAPID AND SPECIFIC ACTION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, COUNCIL INVITES INTERESTED FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES TO FORMULATE AND IMPLEMENT BASIC FOOD AND NUTRITION PLANS, WITHIN CONTEXT OF NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES, AND TO SEEK COOPERATION AND ASSISTANCE OF DONOR COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES, IN PARTICULAR FAO, THE WORLD BANK, UNDP, IFAD AND THE REGIONAL BANKS, WITH THE COUNCIL FACILITATING THIS PROCESS WHEN REQUESTED BY THE INTERESTED PARTIES; AND WHEN SUCH PLANS ARE FORMULATED, THE COUNCIL WILL, IF REQUESTED BY THE

DEVELOPING COUNTRY, SEEK THE COOPERATION OF DONOR COUNTRIES AND THE ABOVE MENTIONED AGENCIES IN AN INENSIVE ACCELERATED PROGRAM OF SPECIFIC COUNTRY ACTION TO:

1. IDENTIFY, WITH PROPER URGENCY, PROJECTS AND PROGRAM THAT FORM PART OF THIS PLAN THE PARTICIPANTS AGREE WARRANT IMMEDIATE SUPPORT;

2. IDENTIFY OTHER PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS WHICH REQUIRE FURTHER TECHNICAL PREPARATION OR POLICY RESOLUTION BEFORE THEY CAN BE IMPLEMENTED, AND DETERMINE HOW AND OVER WHAT TIME PERIOD THIS CAN BE DONE;

3. PURSUE JOINTLY, THROUGH EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL AND CONSUL-
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TATIVE ARRANGEMENTS, THE MEANS TO SUPPORT THESE PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS THROUGH ADEQUATE FINANCING AND TEDHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

D. WHEN ASKED BY GOVERNMENTS CONCERNED TO FURTHER DEVELOP FOOD PLANS, OR TO ACCELERATE ACTION ON THEM, THE BUREAU AND SECRETARIAT OF THE WORLD FOOD COUNCIL WILL SEEK TO ESTABLISH SUITABLE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THESE UNDERTAKINGS ON AN URGENT BASIS AND PROVIDE THE NECESSARY COORDINATION TO ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE SUPPORT IS PROVIDED AND THAT IMPORTANT POLICY ISSUES ARE BROUGHT BEFORE THE COUNCIL FOR SOLUTION.

THE WORLD FOOD COUNCIL ALSO RECOMMENDS THAT:

E. THE SECRETARIAT IDENTIFY AND APPROACH APPROPRIATE BODIES WHICH ARE WILLING AND ABLE TO ANALYZE DATA ON THE INTERNAL RESOURCES THAT ARE BEING DEVOTED TO AGRICULTURE, FOOD PRODUCTION AND THE REDUCTION OF FOOD LOSSES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AND REPORT THIS INFORMATION AS PART OF THIS ANALYSIS SOF RESOURCE COMMITMENTS, IN PARTICULAR, TO FOOD PRODUCTION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. THIS INFORMATION SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE COUNCIL. ONT THAT BASIS THE SUPPORT THAT SHOULD BE GIVEN TO FOOD PRODUCTION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES COULD BE REVIEWED, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE COMPETIJG CLAIMS OF DEVELOPMENT IN OTHER FIELDS.

F. THE COUNCIL REAFFIRMS THE RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING AGRICULTURAL INPUTS CONTAINED IN ITS MANILA COMMUNIQUE. TO STIMULATE PROGRESS IN HIS FIELD, THE COUNCIL INSTRUCT ITS SECRETARIAT TO PREPARE, IN COOPERATION WITH THE COMPETENT AGENCIES, ESPECIALLY FAO, A REVIEW OF THE PROGRESS AND PROPOSALS FOR FURTHER NECESSARY ACTIONS FOR CONSIDERATION AT FIFTH SESSION. MEANWHILE, DONOR COUNTRIES ARE URGED TO INCREASE THEIR
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ASSISTANCE FOR FERTILIZERS, PESTICIDES AND OTHER BASIC INPUTS TO FOOD PRIORITY COUNTRIES THROUGH THE MOST APPROPRIATE BILATERAL AND/OR MULTILATERAL CHANNELS, INCLUDING THE INTERNATIONAL FERTILIZER PROGRAM OF FAO. THE COUNCIL ALSO CALLS ON ALL COUNTRIES TO SUPPORT ACTIVELY THE FAO ACTION PROGRAM FOR PREVENTION OF FOOD LOSSES AND FAO SEED IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AND APPEALS TO DONOR COUNTRIES TO MAKE SUBSTANTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITHIN FAO, EACH OF THESE FUNDS BEING 20 MILLION US DOLLARS, AND/OR THROUGH BILATERAL PROGRAMS IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THE DESIRED PROGRESS IN THESE FIELDS.

G. ALL INTERESTED COUNTRIES, AS WELL AS COMPETENT INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS (FAO, SELA, UNDP, OAS, IADB AND IBRD, ABD, OAU, ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK, CARIBBEAN DEVELOPMENT BANK AND OTHERS) GIVE PRIORITY ATTENTION TO FORMULATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF NATIONAL AND REGIONAL PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS CONNECTED WITH UTILIZATION OF FISH RESOURCES, AND INSTRUCTS ITS SECRETARIAT TO REPORT ON NEED FOR FUNDING AND EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION IN AREA TO ITS FIFTH SESSION. ...

B. ALL GOVERNMENTS PARTICIPATE ACTIVELY IN WORLD CONFERENCE ON AGRARIAN REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT.

I. DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TAKE ACCOUNT IN THEIR FOOD PRODUCTION PLANS OF EFFECT OF CLIMATE ON FOOD PRODUCTION AND SEEK TO ESTABLISH STRONG AGRO-METEOROLOGICAL SERVICES IN THEIR COUNTRIES, AND THAT DONORS IN POSITION TO PROVIDE TECHNICAL OR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, DO SO.

J. WORLD FOOD COUNCIL FURTHER: QTE

1. STRESSING IMPORTANCE OF ENSURING THAT CONTINUED ATTENTION IS GIVEN AT INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL LEVELS TO:

(A) ENCOURAGE LARGER FLOW OF EXTERNAL RESOURCES FOR FOOD
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PRODUCTION,

(B) IMPROVE COORDINATION OF ACTIVITIES OF DIFFERENT MULTILATERAL AND BILATERAL DONORS PROVIDING FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR FOOD PRODUCTION, AND

(C) ENSURE MORE EFFECTIVE USE OF AVAILABLE RESOURCES.

2. NOTING THE ASSURANCE GIVEN BY WORLD BANK, FAO, AND UNDP THAT THEY ARE PROVIDING, AND WILL CONTINUE TO PROVIDE MAXIMUM ASSISTANCE FEASIBLE WITHIN THEIR WORK PROGRAMS TO GOVERNMENTS WISHING TO EXAMINE THEIR FOOD AND NUTRITION SITUATION AND DEVELOP INVESTMENT STRATEGIES TO MEET THESE NEEDS, AND WILL FACILITATE FOLLOW-UP INVESTMENT BY OTHER DONORS THROUGH EXISTING CONSULTATIVE GROUPS AND CONSORTIA, OR OTHER APPROPRIATE MEANS, AND THAT FAO IS TAKING STEPS TO CONTINUE COMPILATION OF DATA ON INTERNATIONAL RESOURCE FLOWS FOR AGRICULTURE.

3. RECOGNIZING THAT OBJECTIVES SET OUT IN PARAGRAPH (1) ABOVE ARE AN ESSENTIAL ELEMENT OF COUNCIL'S RESPONSIBILITY TO GENERATE ALL POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENT IN WORLD FOOD SITUATION.

4. INSTRUCTS ITS SECRETARIAT TO COOPERATE ACTIVELY WITH THREE AGENCIES WHICH FORMERLY SPONSORED CGFPI AND IFAD IN ORDER TO FILL ANY GAPS WHICH MIGHT APPEAR IN OVERALL MONITORING OR STIMULATION OF FLOWS OF FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR FOOD PRODUCTION, WHICH ITS SECRETARIAT COULD UNDERTAKE WITHOUT ADDITIONAL STAFF OR FINANCIAL RESOURCES, AND WHICH THE PRESIDENT AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR CONSIDER WOULD REPRESENT A WORTHWHILE CONTRIBUTION TO OBJECTIVES STATED IN PARAGRAPH (1) ABOVE.
END QTE.

TO IMPROVE HUMAN NUTRITION AND REDUCE HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION
K. IN PURSUANCE OF PARAGRAPH 1 OF RESOLUTION V OF WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE
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REFERENCE, DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, WITH BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE, MAKE A PRACTICAL ASSESSMENT OF NATURE AND EXTENT OF PROBLEM OF HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION, ESTABLISH SPECIFIC OPERATIONAL GOALS FOR NUTRITIONAL IMPROVEMENT AND DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT PLANS AND POLICIES AND PRACTICAL PROGRAMS AND PROJECTS TO ACHIEVE THESE GOALS.

L. COUNTRIES IN THEIR EFFORTS TO INCREASE FOOD PRODUCTION AND IMPROVE NUTRITION SHOULD CONTINUE TO CONSIDER PRACTICAL WAYS AND MEANS TO ACHIEVE A MORE EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME AND ECONOMIC RESOURCES, SO AS TO ENSURE THAT FOOD PRODUCTION INCREASES RESULT IN MORE EQUITABLE PATTERN OF FOOD CONSUMPTION.

M. GOVERNMENTS ADOPT GOAL OF ERADICATING VITAMIN-A DEFICIENCY AND ENDEMIC GOITRE WITHIN A DECADE AND ESTABLISH MEASURES TO ACHIEVE THIS GOAL, AND THAT THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO) PROVIDE COUNCIL AT ITS FIFTH SESSION WITH SPECIFIC PROPOSALS FOR AN INTERNATIONAL EFFORT IN SUPPORT OF GOVERNMENT ACTION; AND THAT GOVERNMENTS, WHO AND OTHER RELEVANT INSTITUTIONS ACCELERATE THEIR EFFORTS TO IMPROVE APPROACHES TO COMBATING IRON-DEFICIENCY ANEMIA.

N. GOVERNMENTS, INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES AND FINANCING INSTITUTIONS INCLUDE, AS FAR AS POSSIBLE, IN PREPARATION OF MAJOR DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, PARTICULARLY IN AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL SECTOR, AN ASSESSMENT OF THEIR IMPACT ON HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION, GIVING PRIORITY TO PROJECTS CONTRIBUTING TO NUTRITION IMPROVEMENT; AND THAT FULL USE IS MADE OF OPPORTUNITIES OFFERED BY MANY PROJECTS TO INCORPORATE SPECIFIC NUTRITION COMPONENTS INTO DESIGN OF DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, SUCH AS NUTRITION EDUCATION AND TRAINING, DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD SUPPLEMENTS, DEVELOPMENT OF PRODUCTION OF NUTRITIOUS INDIGENOUS FOODSTUFFS AND PRIMARY HEALTH CARE, WITH EMPHASIS ON NEEDIEST SECTORS OF RURAL AND URBAN POPULATION, ESPECIALLY WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

O. THE UN SYSTEM MAKE THE ERADICATION OF HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION A MAJOR OBJECTIVE AND INTRODUCE SPECIFIC NUTRITION-RELATED GOALS INTO SYSTEM'S OPERATIONAL PROGRAMS.

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NUTRITION A MAJOR OBJECTIVE AND INTRODUCE SPECIFIC NUTRITION-RELATED GOALS INTO SYSTEM'S OPERATIONAL PROGRAMS.

P. O MAKE THESE GOALS EFFECTIVE, UN AGENCIES, WITH SUPPORT OF ACC AND ITS SUB-COMMITTEE ON NUTRITION ACCELERATE THEIR EFFORTS TO IMPLEMENT MANILA COMMUNIQUE'S RECOMMENDATIONS ON NUTRITION AND PRESENT TO COUNCIL'S FIFTH SESSION A PROGRAM OF WORK IDENTIFYING RESOURCES AND MECHANISMS FOR AGENCY-GOVERNMENT COOPERATION REQUIRED TO:

1. ENCOURAGE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO INSTITUTE COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM TO ATTACK HUNGER AND MALNUTRITION:

2. SPEED UP AND IMPROVE ASSISTANCE TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES IN FORMULATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF FOOD AND NUTRITION POLICIES AND PROGRAMS, ESPECIALLY IN POOREST COUNTRIES;

3. HELP MOBILIZE RESOURCES FROM ALL COUNTRIES AND INSTITUTIONS ABLE TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE NECESSARY TO SUPPLEMENT SUCH POLICIES AND PROGRAMS IMPLEMENTED BY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES;

4. INTENSIFY EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION IN FIELD OF NUTRITION AND ACCELERATE SUB-COMMITTEE'S PRESENT EFFORTS TO ESTABLISH DATA AND INFORMATION BANK ON NUTRITION;

5. ESTABLISH FOOD AND NUTRITION SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS AS BASIS FOR PLANNING, MONITORING AND EVALUATING NUTRITION POLICIES AND PROGRAMS, AS WELL AS FOR EARLY DETECTION AND PREVENTION OF ANY NUTRITION DETERIORATION.

Q. ALL COUNTRIES ABLE TO PROVIDE FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO ERADICATE MALNUTRITION, INCREASE SUBSTANTIALLY OR INITIATE AT SUBSTANTIAL LEVELS SUCH ASSISTANCE THROUGH UNCLASSIFIED

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BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL CHANNELS AND COMMUNICATE TO COUNCIL AT ITS FIFTH SESSION WHAT CONCRETE MEASURES HAVE BEEN TAKEN IN THIS RESPECT.

4. ALL INTERESTED COUNTRIES AND AGENCIES OF UN SYSTEM SUGGEST IMPROVED MEANS OF COOPERATION IN THIS FIELD BETWEEN DEVELOPED AND DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES THEMSELVES, AND THE AGENCIES OF THE UN SYSTEM, AND THAT COUNCIL'S SECRETARIAT PREPARE REPORT ON THESE SUGGESTIONS TO COUNCIL AT ITS FIFTH SESSION. TO IMPROVE FOOD SECURITY

S. GOVERNMENTS PARTICIPATING IN NEGOTIATIONS TO REPLACE INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT OF 1971 REAFFIRM THEIR COMMITMENT TO WORLD FOOD SECURITY AND TO AIM AT LEVEL OF ASSURED FOOD AID OF AT LEAST 10 MILLION TONS.

T. IN LIGHT OF SUCH COMMITMENTS, GOVERNMENTS SHOULD SEEK OUT NEW INITIATIVES WITH VIEW TO ACHIVING AN EARLY AGREEMENT WHICH SHOULD, AMONG OTHER THINGS, INCLUDE:

1. AN INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM OF GRAIN RESERVES OF ADEQUATE SIZE TO PROVIDE WORLD FOOD SECURITY AND REASONABLE MARKET AND PRICE STABILITY;

2. IN DETERMINING THE PRICE RANGE, TO BEAR IN MIND NEED TO ENSURE THAT DEVELOPING COUNTRIES WOULD BE IN POSITION TO SATISFY THEIR IMPORT REQUIREMENTS WITHOUT ADVERSELY AFFECTING THEIR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TO ENSURE AN ADEQUATE RETURN TO PRODUCERS;

3. PROVISIONS EMBODIED IN NEW AGREEMENT ENSURING THAT FOOD DEFICIT DEVELOPING COUNTRY PARTICIPANTS HAVE ASSURED ACCESS TO RESERVE SYSTEM DURING TIMES OF SHORTAGE;

4. MECHANISM BY WHICH DECISIONS TO RELEASE FROM OR ADD TO INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM OF RESERVES ARE MADE AND THE OBLIGATIONS

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OF GOVERNMENTS WHEN THESE "TRIGGER POINTS" ARE REACHED.

U. INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND GOVERNMENTS CONSIDER MEASURES, WHICH WILL PERMIT DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO UNDERAKE SHOCKHOLDING OBLIGATIONS ADEQUATE TO ENABLE THEM O PARTICIPATE FULLY IN ITS RESERVE, INCLUDING CONSIDERATION OF SPECIAL FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS TO PERMIT THE ACQUISITION AND

MAINTENANCE OF RESERVES.

V. ALL COUNTRIES AND PARTICULARLY DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TAKE AN ACTIVE PART IN THE RESUMED UN CONFERENCE TO REPLACE THE INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT 1971 AND THEREAFTER TO JOIN IN THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE NEW AGREEMENT; IN CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENTS, THE COUNCIL WILL ENCOURAGE CONCLUSION OF AN AGREEMENT CONSISTENT WITH ITS CONCERNS.

W. THE ESTABLISHMENT OF APPROPRIATE FOOD RESERVES ON A REGIONAL OR SUB-REGIONAL BASIS BE UNDERTAKEN WITH SUCH INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE AS IS NECESSARY.

X. THE COUNCIL TAKES NOTE AND ENDORSES THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ON WORLD FOOD SECURITY AT ITS THIRD SESSION. TO INCREASE AND IMPROVE FOOD AID

Y. TRADITIONAL DONOR COUNTRIES AND OTHER COUNTRIES IN A POSITION TO DO SO ENSURE AT LEAST 10 MILLION TONS OF CEREALS AS FOOD AID PER ANNUM, PREFERABLY BY FORWARD PLANNING, AS APPROPRIATE, IN PHYSICAL TERMS ON MULTIYEAR BASIS.

Z. NEW FOOD AID CONVENTION AIMED AT SECURING AT LEAST 10 MILLION TONS OF CEREALS PER ANNUM BE NEGOTIATED AS MATTER OF URGENCY DURING 1978; COUNTRIES WHICH ARE SIGNATORIES TO PRESENT FOOD AID CONVENTION SHOULD MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO SUBSTANTIALLY UNCLASSIFIED

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RAISE THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEW CONVENTION; AND OTHER COUNTRIES IN POSITION TO DO SO CONTRIBUTE SUBSTANTIAL ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES OR GRAINS FOR FOOD AID IN NEW CONVENTION; AND THE CONFERENCE NEGOTIATING NEW AGREEMENT MAKE SPECIAL PROVISION TO ENABLE NEW DONORS TO JOIN THE CONVENTION.

AA. FOOD AID TO LEASE DEVELOPED COUNTRIES SHOULD BE ESSENTIALLY ON A GRANT BASIS: DONOR COUNTRIES CHANNEL MORE SIGNIFICANT PROPORTION OF FOOD AID THROUGH WFP.

BB. HAVING CONSIDERED REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID AND POLICIES AND PROGRAMS, COMMITTEE INTENSIFY AND COMPLETE AS EARLY AS POSSIBLE WORK IT HAS INITIATED TO DEVELOP AN IMPROVED POLICY FRAMEWORK FOR FOOD AID, INCLUDING GUIDELINES AND CRITERIA, NEEDED TO IMPROVE STRUCTURE AND OPERATIONS OF FOOD AID, BOTH BILATERAL AND MULTILATERAL, AND TO ENCOURAGE MOST EFFECTIVE AND SYSTEMATIC USE OF FOOD AID TO PROMOTE DEVELOPMENT AND FOOD SECURITY IMPROVE NUTRITION AND PROVIDE RELIEF IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS. AND THE COUNCIL INSTRUCTS ITS

CC. BUREAU TO CONSULT WITH COUNTRIES ENGAGED IN CURRENT NEGOTIATIONS TO ESTABLISH NEW FOOD AID CONVENTION AND OTHER

COUNTRIES WHICH MIGHT JOIN CONVENTION TO ACHIEVE THESE OBJECTIVES.
INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY RESERVE

DD. GENERAL ASSEMBLY ESTABLISH INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY
RESERVE OF 500,000 TONS OF CEREALS AS CONTINUING RESERVE WITH
YEARLY REPLENISHMENT DETERMINED BY COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES
AND PROGRAMS AND PLACED AT DISPOSAL OF WORLD FOOD PROGRAM.
RESERVES NOT CALLED UPON IN ONE YEAR WILL BE CARRIED OVER INTO
NEXT YEAR.

EE. GOVERNMENTS SHOULD INDICATE AMOUNT OF CEREALS OR CASH THEY
ARE PREPARED TO PLACE AT DISPOSAL OF WORLD FOOD PROGRAM UP TO
LEVEL OF 500,000 TONS; SUCH AMOUNTS SHOULD BE INDICATED
PREFERABLY FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE.
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FF. COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES AND PROGRAMS (CFA) SHOULD
EXAMINE PROCEDURES AND MODALITIES GOVERNING INTERNATIONAL
EMERGENCY RESERVE OF 500,000 TONS OF CEREALS TO IMPROVE EFFECTI-
VENESS OF ITS OPERATIONS, INCLUDING SECURING ITS CONTINUITY AND
ITS READY AVAILABILITY.

GG. ALL COUNTRIES ABLE TO CONTRIBUTE TO INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCY
RESERVE, WHO HAVE NOT YET CONTRIBUTED, SHOULD DO SO, IN ORDER TO
ENSURE THAT TARGET OF 500,000 TONS OF CEREALS IS ACHIEVED IN
1978 AND MAINTAINED THEREAFTER. TO IMPROVE CONTRIBUTION OF
TRADE TO SOLUTION OF FOOD PROBLEMS
THE COUNCIL:

HH. NOTES WITH CONCERN INCREASE IN PROTECTIONIST TRADE PRACTICES
THAT AFFECT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF WHOLE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY,
AND PARTICULARLY AS THEY REDUCE THE EXPORT POSSIBILITIES OF
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AFFECT THEIR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL,
AND REDUCE THEIR CAPACITY TO IMPORT FOOD THEY NEED, AND URGES
DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO MAKE THEIR BEST EFFORTS TO ADJUST THOSE
SECTORS OF THEIR AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURING ECONOMIES
WHICH REQUIRE PROTECTION AGAINST DEVELOPING COUNTRY EXPORTS.
WITH OBJECTIVE OF DIRECTING GREATER WORLD ATTENTION TO NEEDED
TRADE REFORMS, MARKET AND PRICE STABILITY AND ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT
AND TO IMPROVE COUNCIL'S CAPACITY TO INFLUENCE POSITIVE
ACTIONS IN BOTH THESE AREAS, COUNCIL RECOMMENDS THAT:

II. DEVELOPED COUNTRIES ENGAGED IN MTNS ACT IN FULL COMPLIANCE
WITH COMMITMENTS TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AS ACCEPTED IN TOKYO
DECLARATION, ALL COUNTRIES REAFFIRM THEIR COMMITMENTS UNDERTAKEN
IN SIXTH AND SEVENTH SPECIAL SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AND IN RESOLUTION XIX OF THE WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE, AND TAKE
ACTION SO THAT MTNS ARRIVE AT SATISFACTORY CONCLUSION IN 1978,
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TAKING INTO ACCOUNT DEVELOPING COUNTRY INTERESTS IN ALL ASPECTS OF NEGOTIATIONS, INCLUDING CODES OF CONDUCT, AND PARTICULARLY IN THOSE THAT AFFECT FOOD TRADE.

JJ. DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ALSO REVIEW THEIR TRADE POLICIES, INCLUDING THOSE THAT AFFECT THIS MUTUAL TRADE WITH VIEW TOWARDS CONTRIBUTING TO SOLUTION OF THEIR OWN FOOD PROBLEMS.

KK. NEGOTIATING CONFERENCE ON COMMON FUND BE RESUMED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN 1978, THAT SUCH FUND BE CREATED, AND THAT ALL COUNTRIES, IN PARTICULAR DEVELOPED COUNTRIES, MAKE ALL EFFORTS TO SUPPORT AND PARTICIPATE IN INDIVIDUAL COMMODITY AGREEMENTS SO THAT ALL OBJECTIVES SET FORTH IN RESOLUTION 93(IV) UNCTAD ARE FULLY REACHED.

LL. DEVELOPED COUNTRIES INCLUDE PROCESSED AGRICULTURAL COMMUNITIES IN THEIR RESPECTIVE GSP SYSTEMS AND, WHILE CONSIDERING IMPORTATION OF LIMITS UNDER THESE SYSTEMS, TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION SPECIAL TRADE PROBLEMS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

MM. GATT AND UNCTAD, IN LIGHT OF COMPLETION OF MTNS AND EXPERIENCE SINCE UNCTAD IV, SUBMIT FOR CONSIDERATION OF COUNCIL AT FIFTH SESSION AN ANALYSIS OF IMPACT OF THESE AND OTHER NEGOTIATIONS SINCE WORLD FOOD CONFERENCE ON TRADE PROSPECTS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

NN. COUNCIL NOTES MEASURES ON ISSUE OF TRADE INCLUDED IN PROGRAM OF ECONOMIC COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, ADOPTED BY CONFERENCE ON SUBJECT, WHICH TOOK PLACE IN MEXICO, AS WELL AS THE ACTIVITIES IN THIS MATTER THAT ARE BEING UNDERTAKEN BY DIVISION OF ECONOMIC COOPERATION AMONG DEVELOPING COUNTRIES OF UNCTAD, THAT REQUIRE SUPPORT OF ALL COUNTRIES MEMBERS OF UN SYSTEM TO MENTIONED PROGRAM.

OO. COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED UNDER GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 32/174, AT ITS NEXT SESSION, TO BE HELD IN SEPTEMBER 1978, GIVE
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DUE ATTENTION TO PROBLEMS OF FOOD AND MALNUTRITION IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES, AS EXPRESSED IN MANILA COMMUNIQUE, AND IN MEXICO DECLARATION. END TEXT. GARDNER UNQUOTE VANCE

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Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X
Capture Date: 01 jan 1994
Channel Indicators: n/a
Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
Concepts: DECLARATIONS, FOOD ASSISTANCE
Control Number: n/a
Copy: SINGLE
Draft Date: 28 jun 1978
Decaption Date: 01 jan 1960
Decaption Note:
Disposition Action: n/a
Disposition Approved on Date:
Disposition Case Number: n/a
Disposition Comment:
Disposition Date: 01 jan 1960
Disposition Event:
Disposition History: n/a
Disposition Reason:
Disposition Remarks:
Document Number: 1978STATE164039
Document Source: CORE
Document Unique ID: 00
Drafter: IO/AGR:PAUL J BYRNES
Enclosure: n/a
Executive Order: N/A
Errors: N/A
Expiration:
Film Number: D780268-0008
Format: TEL
From: STATE
Handling Restrictions: n/a
Image Path:
ISecure: 1
Legacy Key: link1978/newtext/t19780611/aaaaajix.tel
Line Count: 868
Litigation Code IDs:
Litigation Codes:
Litigation History:
Locator: TEXT ON-LINE, ON MICROFILM
Message ID: 91bac97d-c288-dd11-92da-001cc4696bcc
Office: ORIGIN IO
Original Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
Original Handling Restrictions: n/a
Original Previous Classification: n/a
Original Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a
Page Count: 16
Previous Channel Indicators: n/a
Previous Classification: n/a
Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a
Reference: n/a
Retention: 0
Review Action: RELEASED, APPROVED
Review Content Flags:
Review Date: 29 mar 2005
Review Event:
Review Exemptions: n/a
Review Media Identifier:
Review Release Date: N/A
Review Release Event: n/a
Review Transfer Date:
Review Withdrawn Fields: n/a
SAS ID: 2171359
Secure: OPEN
Status: NATIVE
Subject: DRAFT FINAL TEXT OF WORLD FOOD COUNCIL (WFC) MEXICO DECLARATION
TAGS: AORG, EAGR, XX, WFC
To: MEXICO USUN NEW YORK
Type: TE
vdkgvwkey: odb://SAS/SAS.dbo.SAS_Docs/91bac97d-c288-dd11-92da-001cc4696bcc
Review Markings:
Sheryl P. Walter
Declassified/Released
US Department of State
EO Systematic Review
20 Mar 2014
Markings: Sheryl P. Walter Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 20 Mar 2014